



KEY KNOWLEDGE

Tourism involves:

- The movement of people to places outside their normal places of work and community
- The activities carried out during their holiday
- The facilities created to meet their needs.



The world is made up of seven continents (Asia, Africa, Europe, North America, South America, Oceania & Antarctica) and five oceans (Atlantic, Pacific, Indian, Southern, Arctic).



Why do people travel?

- **Culture:** People travel to experience different religion, history and traditions.



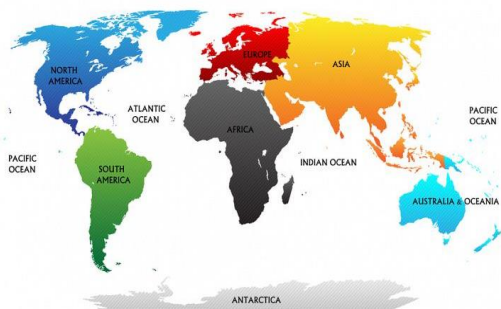
Natural resources:

People travel to visit natural beauty of the area, such as beaches, mountains and lakes.



Entertainment:

People travel to experience a thrill e.g.: theme parks/adventure activities



Continents & Oceans



Tourism can have positive and negative effects.



SPEAK
READ
ARTICULATE
THINK
QUESTION
WRITE
SPELL

LIKE AN EXPERT.



FURTHER READING

<https://kids.britannica.com/kids/article/tourism/476327>

<https://kids.kiddle.co/Tourism>

<https://www.kids-world-travel-guide.com/>

<https://tourismteacher.com/environmental-impacts-of-tourism/>

[https://kids.kiddle.co/Gal%C3%A1pagos Islands](https://kids.kiddle.co/Gal%C3%A1pagos_Islands)



KEY VOCABULARY

National Park

A protected area of outstanding natural beauty

Conflict

Disagreements between different people affected by the tourist industry

Environmental impacts

How people affect their surroundings

Social impacts

How tourism affects people.

Economic impacts

Effects on businesses, jobs, taxes and people's standard of living.

Geographical Enquiry

A study in which a hypothesis is generated. It is then tested and analysed by studying primary and secondary data.

Primary data

Data collected first-hand by you, such as by giving out a questionnaire

Secondary data

Data collected by somebody else, usually found in books or on the internet

Extreme tourism

Tourism involving travel to dangerous places and doing risky activities: For example, in Alaska, you can go ice climbing and glacier trekking.