

Key Stage 4 Curriculum Journey: Year 10 Music

	Week 1	V					
	Understanding Music	Understanding Music	Understanding Music	Understanding Music	Understanding Music	Understanding Music	
	Performing as a soloist and in an ensemble Composing skills	Performing as a soloist and in an ensemble Composing skills	Area of Study 1: Musical Forms and Devices Performing and Composing skills	Area of Study 3: Film Music Performing and Composing skills	Area of Study 4: Popular Music Prepared Extract - Africa Performing and Composing skills	Area of Study 2: Music for Ensemble Performing and Composing skills	
Key content (know thatKnow how)	Understanding music: Elements of Music. Staff notations (reading and writing). Melody: conjunct, disjunct, triadic, broken chords, scalic, arpeggio passing notes diatonic, chromatic ostinato phrasing, articulation. Harmony diatonic, chromatic consonant, dissonant pedal, drone identification of major, minor and dominant seventh chords using chord symbols/roman numerals. modulation to dominant, subdominant in major or minor keys	Understanding music: Elements of Music. Staff notations (reading and writing). Melody: conjunct, disjunct, triadic, broken chords, scalic, arpeggio intervals within the octave passing notes diatonic, chromatic slide/portamento, ornamentation including acciaccaturas, appoggiaturas ostinato phrasing, articulation. Harmony diatonic, chromatic consonant, dissonant pedal, drone cadences: perfect, plagal, imperfect,	Understanding music: Students must be able to listen attentively to unfamiliar music from the following styles/genres to identify and accurately describe musical elements, musical contexts and musical language: The music of the Baroque, Classical and Romantic eras provides the context for a study of binary, ternary, minuet and trio, rondo, variation and strophic forms. Learners are encouraged to engage with a variety of music from the prescribed eras, through a range of performing, composing and appraising activities. They are also encouraged to make links	Understanding music: The film industry is of considerable commercial and cultural interest in both the UK and abroad. There are many areas of specialism for musicians within this industry such as composer, orchestrator, arranger, performer, music editor, producer and more. A film composer scores music to accompany a motion picture for film or television. This includes dramatic underscore and thematic music as well as popular songwriting. Through this area of study learners are encouraged to consider how music for film	Understanding Music: Popular music is a wideranging and diverse art form encompassing several distinct genres. The popular music industry offers a widerange of opportunities for both composers and performers, including singer, song-writer, music producer, arranger and more. Through this area of study learners are encouraged to explore the musical idioms associated with a variety of popular music, and they will have the opportunity to perform popular music as well as compose music associated with a popular music genre. Learners are also encouraged to use music	Understanding Music: Music for ensemble forms the basis for a study of texture and sonority. Through a study of diverse musical styles composed for ensemble, such as jazz and blues, musical theatre and chamber music, learners will consider how music is composed for smagroups of instruments and voices. Learners will also consider how texture is manipulated and they are encouraged to use small instrumental/vocal groupings in their own music. Learners are required to perform as part of an ensemble, and through this to actively engage with ensemble	



- relative major or minor
- tonic major or minor.
- call and response Sonority (Timbre)
- instruments and voices singly and in combination as found in music, including that for solo instruments, concertos, chamber groups
 Texture
- harmonic/homophonic/chordal
- polyphonic/contrapuntal
- a cappella
- monophonic/single melody line
- melody and accompaniment
- unison, octaves.
 Tempo, metre and rhythm
- simple and compound time
- regular
- anacrusis
- common Italian tempo terms eg allegro, andante
- pulse
- semibreve, minim, crotchet, quaver, semiquaver
- dotted rhythms, triplets, scotch snap
- pause
- tempo.
 Dynamics and articulation
 Gradation of dynamics as follows:
- pp, p. mp, mf, f, ff including the Italian terms
- cresc, crescendo, dim, diminuendo including hairpins
- sfz, sforzando
- common signs, terms and symbols.

- Sonority (Timbre)
- numerals.
 Tonality

 major, minor, and their key signatures to four sharps and flats

interrupted and tièrce de

identification of major, minor

and dominant seventh chords

using chord symbols/roman

Picardie

- modulation to dominant, subdominant in major or minor keys
- relative major or minor
- tonic major or minor.
 Structure
- binary and ternary
- rondo
- arch-shape
- through-composed
- theme and variations, sonata, minuet and trio, scherzo and trio
- call and response
- ground bass, continuo
- cadenza.Sonority (Timbre)
- instruments and voices singly and in combination as found in music, including that for solo instruments, concertos, chamber groups
- instrumental techniques such as arco, pizzicato, con sordino. Texture
- harmonic/homophonic/chordal
- polyphonic/contrapuntal
- imitative, canonic, layered
- antiphonal
- a cappella
- monophonic/single melody line

between music they listen to, pieces they perform and their own compositions, as well as music by composers from the twentieth and twenty-first centuries who use these forms and devices.

Performing:

- Understanding the performance unit.
- Performing and rehearsing as a soloist in preparation for a mock performance assessment.
- Instrument techniques.
- Relevant notation reading.
- Application of assessment criteria.

Composing:

Composing a free composition — students start their free composition and complete a composing logbook alongside this to reflect on their application of elements.

is created, developed and performed, and the impact this has on the audience. Learners will have the opportunity to compose and perform film music and are encouraged to use musical technology to create mood and atmosphere through engaging with the story of the film.

Performing:

- Understanding the performance unit.
- Performing and rehearsing as an ensemble in preparation for a mock performance assessment.
- Instrument techniques.
- Relevant notation reading.
- Application of assessment criteria.

Composing:

Composing a free composition — students start their free composition and complete a composing logbook alongside this to reflect on their application of elements.

technology, understanding the impact this has on the way music is developed and performed in popular music.

Introduction to the prepared extract *Africa - Toto*.

Performing:

- Understanding the performance unit.
- Performing and rehearsing as an ensemble in preparation for a solo assessment.
- Instrument techniques.
- Relevant notation reading.
- Application of assessment criteria.

Composing:

Students start their Set Brief composition using one of the 4 choices released on 1st September. music, understanding the relationship between performers on the stage and the audience.

Performing:

- Understanding the performance unit.
- Performing and rehearsing as an ensemble in preparation for a mock performance assessment.
- Instrument techniques.
- Relevant notation reading.
- Application of assessment criteria.

Composing:

Continuing composing a free composition – students start their free composition and complete a composing logbook alongside this to reflect on their application of elements.

Performing:



- Understanding the performance unit.
- Performing and rehearsing as a soloist.
- Instrument techniques.
- Relevant notation reading.
- Application of assessment criteria.

Composing:

How to compose a:

Rhythm,

Melody

Chord progression.

Use of a DAW, scoring software and free hand composition.

- melody and accompaniment
- unison, octaves.
 Tempo, metre and rhythm
- simple and compound time
- regular
- anacrusis
- common Italian tempo terms eg allegro, andante
- pulse
- augmentation, diminution
- hemiola
- semibreve, minim, crotchet, quaver, semiquaver
- dotted rhythms, triplets, scotch snap
- rubato, pause
- tempo.
 Dynamics and articulation
 Gradation of dynamics as follows:
- *pp, p. mp, mf, f, ff* including the Italian terms
- cresc, crescendo, dim, diminuendo including hairpins
- sfz, sforzando
- common signs, terms and symbols.

Performing:

- Understanding the performance unit.
- Performing and rehearsing as a an ensemble.
- Instrument techniques.
- Relevant notation reading.
- Application of assessment criteria.

Composing:

Modulations. Chord building (extended).

Diatonic chords. Pentatonic scale.

	Elements of Music	Use of a DAW, scoring software and free hand composition.	Lictoning with increasing	Listoning with increasing	Listoning with increasing	Listoning with ingressing
Prior Knowledge	Elements of Music. Instrument technique (relevant to instrument choice). Keyboard skills. Standard notation – bass and treble clef.	How to compose a: Rhythm, Melody Chord progression. Use of a DAW, scoring software and free hand composition. Elements of Music. Instrument technique (relevant to instrument choice). Keyboard skills. Standard notation – bass and treble clef. Listening with increasing discrimination.	Listening with increasing discrimination. How to approach composing to a set brief. Recognising and using elements of Music. Instrument techniques. Standard/ other relevant notation reading.	Listening with increasing discrimination (use of previous list) How to approach composing a free composition. Application of the elements of music. Recognising the elements of music. Instrument techniques. Standard/ other relevant notation reading.	Listening with increasing discrimination (use of previous list) How to approach composing to a brief. Application of the elements of music. Recognising the elements of music. Instrument techniques. Standard/ other relevant notation reading.	Listening with increasing discrimination (use of previous list) How to approach composing a free composition. Application of the elements of music. Recognising the elements of music. Instrument techniques. Standard/ other relevant notation reading.
GCSE Assessment Objectives	 AO1: Perform with technical control, expression and interpretation. AO2: Compose and develop musical ideas with technical control and coherence. AO3: Demonstrate and apply musical knowledge. AO4: Use appraising skills to make evaluative and critical judgements about music. 	 AO1: Perform with technical control, expression and interpretation. AO2: Compose and develop musical ideas with technical control and coherence. AO3: Demonstrate and apply musical knowledge. AO4: Use appraising skills to make evaluative and critical judgements about music. 	AO1: Perform with technical control, expression and interpretation. AO2: Compose and develop musical ideas with technical control and coherence. AO3: Demonstrate and	AO1: Perform with technical control, expression and interpretation. AO2: Compose and develop musical ideas with technical control and coherence. AO3: Demonstrate and apply musical	AO1: Perform with technical control, expression and interpretation. AO2: Compose and develop musical ideas with technical control and coherence. AO3: Demonstrate and apply musical	AO1: Perform with technical control, expression and interpretation. AO2: Compose and develop musical ideas with technical control and coherence. AO3: Demonstrate and apply musical

			AO4: Use appraising skills to make evaluative and	AO4: Use appraising skills to make evaluative and	 AO4: Use appraising skills to make evaluative and 	 AO4: Use appraising skills to make evaluative and
			critical judgements about music.	critical judgements about music.	critical judgements about music.	critical judgements about music.
Assessments	 End of element tests Practical/ composition assessment ongoing 	 End of unit exam paper (based on exam questions) Practical and composition assessment ongoing 	End of unit exam paper (based on exam questions) Practical and composition assessment ongoing	End of unit exam paper (based on exam questions) Practical and composition assessment ongoing	 End of unit exam paper Practical/ composition assessment ongoing Solo assessment summative – completed. Composition – free composition completed. 	End of unit exam paper (based on exam questions) Practical and composition assessment ongoing